

Historical Understandings

SS7H2 The student will analyze continuity and change in Southwest Asia (Middle East) leading to the 21st century.

- a. Explain how European partitioning in the Middle East after the breakup of the Ottoman Empire led to regional conflict.
- b. Explain the historical reasons for the establishment of the modern State of Israel in 1948; include the Jewish religious connection to the land, the Holocaust, anti-Semitism, and Zionism in Europe.
- c. Describe how land and religion are reasons for continuing conflicts in the Middle East.
- d. Explain U.S. presence and interest in Southwest Asia; include the Persian Gulf conflict and invasions of Afghanistan and Iraq.

Essential Question: How did continuity and change take place in Southwest Asia (Middle East) leading to the 21st century?

- a. Explain how European partitioning in the Middle East after the breakup of the Ottoman Empire led to regional conflict. **page 791--792**

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- b. Explain the historical reasons for the establishment of the modern State of Israel in 1948; include the Jewish religious connection to the land, the Holocaust, anti-Semitism, and Zionism in Europe.

<b>Israel 1948</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Religious Connection to the Land <b>Pages 81--92</b>	
Holocaust <b>Pages 827; 874</b>	
Anti-Semitism <b>Pages 548; 809</b>	
Zionism <b>Page 792</b>	

- c. Describe how land and religion are reasons for continuing conflicts in the Middle East. **Pages 874--876**

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SW Asia History

Explain U.S. presence and interest in Southwest Asia; include the Persian Gulf conflict and invasions of Afghanistan and Iraq.

<b>US Involvement</b>	<b>Why?</b>	<b>Results</b>
Persian Gulf War <b>Page 878</b>		
Afghanistan <b>Pages 892--893</b>		
Iraq <b>Page 894</b>		